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## Section 7.3 Extra Practice

1. Solve each absolute value equation.

Verify the solution.
a) $|x+1|=2$
b) $|x-3|+1=0$
c) $|2 x|=5$
d) $\left|\frac{x}{4}\right|=0$
2. Determine whether $x=1$ is a solution to each equation.
a) $2|x-5|=8$
b) $|3 x-2|+6=12$
c) $|-2 x-3|=5$
d) $3|2 x-2|=0$
3. Solve each absolute value equation algebraically.
a) $|x-5|=3 x+4$
b) $|3 m+2|=m$
c) $|-x+5|=x-5$
d) $|2 n|=3 n-8$
4. Solve each equation.
a) $\left|x^{2}-2 x\right|=1$
b) $\left|x^{2}-3 x\right|=4$
c) $8=\left|0.5 x^{2}+3 x\right|$
d) $3=\left|-4 x^{2}+8 x\right|$
5. Solve each absolute value equation.
a) $|4 x|=x^{2}-5$
b) $2 x^{2}=|5 x+3|$
c) $\left|2(x-4)^{2}-5\right|=3$
d) $0=\left|x^{2}-2 x-3\right|-4$
6. Determine whether $x=2$ is a solution to each equation.
a) $x+1=\left|x^{2}-1\right|$
b) $\left|x^{2}-3 x\right|=3 x-8$
c) $2(x-4)^{2}-6=|0.5 x+1|$
d) $|x+2|-3=-4 x^{2}+8 x+5$
7. Given the equation $\left|x^{2}-4\right|=k$, determine the value of $k$ for each situation.
a) There is one solution only.
b) There are two solutions.
c) There are three solutions.
d) There are four solutions.
8. Mark and Chloe each solve $|x-12|=x^{2}$.

Mark solves the equation algebraically, while Chloe solves the equation graphically. Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.
Mark's solution:
$|x-12|=x^{2}$

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\begin{array}{rlrl}
x-12 & =x^{2} & \text { or }-x+12 & =x^{2} \\
0 & =x^{2}-x+12 & 0 & =x^{2}+x-12 \\
& & 0 & =(x-4)(x+3) \\
& & x & =4 \text { or } x=-3
\end{array}
$$

Chloe's solution:

9. Evanka graphed the functions $f(x)=\frac{x}{2}$ and $g(x)=\left|-x^{2}+2\right|$ on the same set of axes.
a) How could she use the graph to

$$
\text { solve }\left|-x^{2}+2\right|-\frac{x}{2}=0 ?
$$

b) State the solution. Express the solution to the nearest hundredth.

