Section 8.2 Extra Practice

1. Verify that (-1, 11) and (2, 5) are solutions to the following system of equations.

2x + y = 9 $2x^2 - 4x - y = -5$

2. Verify that (-1, -4) is a solution to the following system of equations.

y = x² + 2x - 3y = -x² - 2x - 5

3. Solve each system of equations by substitution. Verify your solutions.

a)
$$y = 2x + 1$$

 $y = x^2 - 5x + 13$
b) $3x + y - 4 = 0$
 $2x^2 - 4x - y - 2 = 0$
c) $y = -x^2 - 3x + 14$
 $y = 3x^2 + 5x - 18$
d) $4x + y + 5 = x^2$
 $x^2 = 5x + 2y$

4. Solve each system of equations by elimination.

a)
$$3x^{2} + x - 3y = -8$$

 $x + 3y = 9$
b) $y = 2x^{2} - x + 1$
 $2y = 2x^{2} - x - 1$
c) $x + 6y = 12$
 $\frac{-1}{2}x^{2} + \frac{5}{3}x + y = 2$
d) $x^{2} + y = 4x + 5$
 $5x + \frac{1}{3}y = x^{2}$

5. Solve each system of equations algebraically. Round answers to the nearest hundredth.

a)
$$y = \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{2}{3}x$$

 $3y = 2x^2 + 3x - 1$
b) $x^2 + 5x - y = 6$
 $2x^2 - x - y = -3$

6. Consider the following system of equations. $x^{2} + 6x + y + k = 0$

3x + y + k = 0

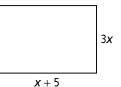
- a) Determine the value of k if a solution is (-3, 2).
- **b)** Determine the second solution.
- 7. Consider the following system of equations.

$$y = x^2 - 2x - 3$$

$$y = k$$

Determine the value of *k*, if the system has

- a) two solutions
- **b**) one solution
- **c)** no solution
- 8. A parabola's vertex is at (-4, 4) and one of its *x*-intercepts is at (-6, 0). A second parabola's vertex is at (1, -9) and its *y*-intercept is at (0, -8).
 - a) Determine the equations of the parabolas.
 - **b)** Solve the system of equations to determine the point(s) of intersection.
- 9. Consider the given rectangle.



The perimeter is equal to y, and the area is equal to 3y.

- a) Determine equations to represent the perimeter and area.
- **b)** Solve the system of equations algebraically.
- c) Are both solutions possible? Explain.
- **d)** State the value of *x*, the perimeter, and the area.



BLM 8-5